

**The Daily Gazette**  
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY  
BY  
**HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,**  
IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

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**NEW YORK CASH STORE,**  
Smith & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Groceries, Croceries, Sugar, Lard, Butter, and other household goods, Janesville, Wis., oct18dawit  
**BOOTS & SHOES,**  
A LARGE INVOICE OF  
**FRESH GOODS**  
Just Received.

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**PREPARE FOR WINTER.**  
**Clothing for the Million**  
AT THE  
**Young America Wholesale and Retail CLOTHING HOUSE.**

**GREAT INDUCEMENTS**  
to buyers of Clothing, to purchase from the  
**Largest Stock and Best Styles**  
ever offered in Janesville.  
**Splendid Business Suits,**  
**Elegant Black Suits,**  
**Every Grade of Overcoats,**  
from common to the best English Beavers.  
**Fancy Cassimere Pants,**  
all grades.  
**Velvet, Cassimere, Silk & Satin Vests,**  
in endless variety. Every grade of.  
**Gent's Furnishing Goods,**  
comprising White Shirts, Weylin French Flannel and  
Cassimere Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Ties,  
Collars, Shawls, &c., &c.  
I have also on hand the largest and best stock of  
**Hats and Caps**  
which I will sell at the  
**Lowest Market Rates.**  
A large portion of my stock was bought early in the  
season at low prices, and I will divide this advantage  
with my customers. I can assure satisfaction to those  
who will give me a call.  
**CALL AND SEE BEFORE BUYING.**  
**The Largest Stock of Clothing**  
at the  
**YOUNG AMERICA CLOTHING HOUSE,**  
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.  
M. HANSEN.

**On hand a well selected stock**  
**of Army Cloths**  
at Young America Clothing House. I have on hand a  
large and well selected stock of  
**Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,**  
which I will make to order, and my accomplished cut-  
ter  
**Mr. George Ponton**  
a gentleman of long experience and excellent taste,  
cannot fail to please every one, both in  
**STYLE AND FIT.**  
I warrant every garment gotten-up at my establish-  
ment to give  
**ENTIRE SATISFACTION.**  
H. H. HANSEN  
Young America Clothing House.

**The Rochester**  
**BOOT & SHOE STORE!**  
No. 4, Jackson & Smith's Block,  
Next Door to the Rock Co. Bank.  
W. A. A. REYNOLDS.

**THE OLD SHOP**  
UNDER  
**A New Administration.**  
This firm of Hemming & Thomas having been dis-  
solved, the stock of the Old Shop, Janesville, Wis.,  
the stand of the old firm, and will endeavor to  
**KEEP UP**  
the reputation of the Old Shop as the  
**Best Boot and Shoe Establishment**  
in Janesville. He is now receiving a very large and  
superior  
**STOCK OF NEW GOODS,**  
embracing every variety and style of work, from the  
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**Children's and Ladies' Shoes,**  
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and pledges himself to his friends to furnish at all  
times an article that for durability, wear, quality of  
stock and neatness of fit will give  
**UNQUALIFIED SATISFACTION.**  
Tendering his thanks for the liberal patronage hereto-  
fore given the shop, the proprietor asks old friends and  
the public generally to give him a call.  
**Store one door west of Jack-  
man's Mill,**  
**WEST MILWAUKEE STREET,**  
Janesville, April 23rd, 1862.  
E. THOMAS.  
ap23dawit

**Rice's Temple of Art!**  
I HAVE fitted up a part of rooms over Dorrison's  
Grocery, corner of Main and Milwaukee Streets,  
Janesville, where I am prepared to furnish the citi-  
zens of Janesville and vicinity with the most  
superior and reliable of all the various branches  
of the art of photography. I have a variety of  
pictures, in cases from 50 cents up, according to size  
and style of camera. I have pictures always as cheap as they  
can be had in the city.  
I have a variety of pictures in the various branches  
with the instrument of the brush. Views of Houses,  
Carrriages, Machinery and Residences, either in the city  
or country. Engraving on Copper and Silver. Engraving  
on short notice, pictures of deceased friends for  
funeral use at their residences.  
I am of the human face divine.  
You want a picture very fine.  
The Ambrotypes that I will take.  
Are quicker than the ones you shake.  
Gentlemen and ladies of the town.  
Will find me to be a very fine.  
Should duplicate exchange before  
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Invented in 1819, Improved in 1862.  
**THE ORIGINAL HOWE**  
**SEWING**  
**MACHINES**

**MANUFACTURED BY**  
**A. B. HOWE,**  
BROTHER OF ELIAS HOWE, JR., the original in-  
ventor and patentee of the  
**HOWE SEWING MACHINE,**  
and from which all other Sewing Machines derive their  
virtues, and which all others say a lie.  
This is the oldest machine in the world (invented in  
1819), improved from time to time, and fully perfected  
in January 1862. Particularly adapted to family use,  
tailoring and manufacturing purposes, "foot and shoe"  
work, carriage cushions, &c., &c. Having the widest  
range of adaptability to sewing of any machine pro-  
duced. Buy the  
**Improved Howe Sewing Machine,**  
and have no more dropping of stitches, breaking of  
needles, no more trouble in sewing the finest fabric or  
the coarsest stuff, no difficulty in sewing over seams,  
and a machine that is warranted not to get out of order  
with proper care.  
Don't buy a sewing machine until after you have ex-  
amined this very  
**Best Machine in the World.**  
**W. A. REYNOLDS, AGENT**  
for Janesville and Rock County, at the Rochester Shoe  
Store, next door to the Rock County Bank, nos18dawit

**First Great Arrival**  
—OF—  
**SPRING GOODS!**  
BY  
**RIORDAN & LEECH.**  
NOTWITHSTANDING that other merchants are  
N. A. A. REYNOLDS.

**NEW STOCK**  
has been exhibited to the people  
Several Days in Advance  
in cloth and silk.  
**Stella Shawls, Cashmere Shawls, &c.**  
**Ladies' Cloakings**  
of every shade and color. A large lot of  
**PARASOLS**  
bought at auction, which will be sold at correspond-  
ing low prices.  
**GEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!**  
consisting of three ply Linen Collars, Neck Ties, &c.  
A beautiful line of French, English and American  
**Fancy Cassimeres and Coatings**  
suitable for the present season. An entire stock of  
**DOMESTICS,**  
consisting of  
Bleached and Brown Sheetings and  
Shirtings, Pillow Case Goods,  
Shirtings, Stripes, Denims,  
Tickings, Cottons, &c., &c.  
all of which have been purchased at the late decline  
in cotton goods and will be sold at correspondingly  
low prices.  
of any other store in town, and our Buyer having had  
**THE FIRST SELECTION**  
of the New York markets, we are enabled to offer the  
**Choicest Variety of Goods**  
to be found in any city in the west.  
**DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!**  
Beautiful Plain and striped Mohair, Broche, Mo-  
hair, Striped Broche, Himalaya, Broche, Mo-  
hair, Plain, Printed, Broche, Black and White  
Checks, Silk, Worst, Alpaca, &c., &c.  
Styles of Child, Delaine, &c., &c.  
**EMBROIDERIES!**  
English Thread Laces, Black  
Brussels Laces, Muslin Edgings and  
Inserts, Ladies' Union Forks, Extra  
Flowers, &c., &c. A large stock of  
and a variety of the most popular  
together with all the latest assortment of Ladies and  
Gent's Hosiery, Gloves, &c., &c. Also plain and dotted  
Muslins, Jaconets, Cambrics, Drills, &c.  
New Styles of  
**SPRING CLOAKS,**  
**Boots and Shoes,**  
**CROCKERY!**  
It is unnecessary to commend our extensive stock,  
we would  
**AN EXAMINATION**  
of our assortment of goods, and are quite certain they  
will be found at least equal to any ever before offered  
to the Janesville community.  
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**DAILY GAZETTE.**  
Another Peace Proposition.

Orpheus C. Kerr writes from Washing-  
ton the following account of another peace  
proposition:  
"The confederacy hastily put on a pair of  
white cotton gloves, and says he:  
"Am I addressing the democratic organ-  
ization?"  
"You address the large Kentucky  
branch," says the conservative chap, pull-  
ing out his ruffles.  
"Then," says the confederacy, "I am  
prepared to make an indirect proposition  
for peace. My name is Mr. Lamb, by  
which title the democratic organization has  
always known the injured confederacy, and  
I propose the following terms: Hostilities  
shall at once cease, and the two armies be  
consolidated under the title of Confederate  
States Forces. The war debts of the north  
and south shall be so united that the north  
may be able to pay them without confusion.  
An election for a new president shall at  
once be held, everybody voting save those  
who have shown animosity to the sunny  
south. France shall be driven out of Mex-  
ico by the consolidated armies, the expense  
being so managed that the north may pay it  
without further trouble. Upon these  
terms the confederacy will become a peace-  
ful fellowman."  
"Hem!" says the Kentucky chap, "what  
you ask is perfectly reasonable. I will con-  
sider the matter after the manner of a dis-  
passionate democrat, and return you my  
answer in a few days."  
Here I hastily stepped up, and says I,  
"But are you not going to consult the  
president at all about it, my Jupiter Ton-  
us?"  
"The president! the president!" says  
the conservative Kentucky chap, with a  
vague look. "Hem!" says he, "I really  
forgot all about the president!"  
The democratic organization, my boy, in  
its zeal to benefit its distracted country, is  
occasionally like that eminent fire company  
in the fifth ward, which nobly usurped with  
its hose the terrible business of putting out  
a large conflagration, and never remem-  
bered, until its beautiful machine was in  
position, that another company of fellow  
firemen had exclusive possession of all the  
water works.

GEN. BUTLER IN "THE NEW WAY TO  
PAY OLD DEBTS."—A correspondent of  
the Boston Traveler, writing from New Or-  
leans, says that, in the month of October,  
a manufacturing firm in Massachusetts dis-  
patched a young man to New Orleans to  
collect a debt, which had been outstanding  
against a mercantile house in that city ever  
since the outbreaking of the rebellion.  
The house was still engaged in business,  
and he waited upon them with his instruc-  
tions.  
The debt was freely acknowledged; but  
when the young man asked for the payment  
or an arrangement, they answered him with  
a fierce invective against the abolitionists  
as the cause of the war. They concluded  
the trade with the declaration that it was  
their steadfast purpose not to settle that or  
any other debt due the north until the mat-  
ter at issue between the two sections had  
been finally adjusted, when they would pay  
the entire amount with interest, being fully  
able to meet their obligations.  
They were inexorable to further appeals.  
The young man, however, was not to be  
baffled by southern sharpers. He immedi-  
ately proceeded to the office of Gen. Butler,  
and made his business known. The delin-  
quent southerners were summoned to appear  
at headquarters without delay.  
"You know this gentleman?" demanded  
the general.  
"Yes, sir," answered one of the mer-  
chants.  
"He has a claim, he says, against your  
house," said the general.  
"Yes, sir," was the reply. "The debt  
was incurred by us in the regular course of  
business."  
"What is the condition of your purse?"  
inquired Butler. "Are you able to pay the  
amount?"  
"Yes," answered the other, hesitatingly,  
"we are able to meet all of our debts."  
"Well, gentlemen," said the general,  
"then your course is plain. My advice is  
that you arrange this matter without un-  
necessary delay."  
"This suggestion of General Butler im-  
pressed the merchants so forcibly, that they  
reconsidered their former determina-  
tion and paid the full amount of the debt  
the same day.  
Other merchants and persons in New Or-  
leans, who were indebted to northern men,  
have adopted the same course, and liq-  
uidate their obligations.

**AN ORDINANCE**  
Entitled an Ordinance to amend "An Ordinance to  
regulate the sale of Wood, Hay and Straw, passed  
December 28th, 1861."  
The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Janes-  
ville do enact:  
That an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to regu-  
late the sale of Wood, Hay and Straw, in the city of  
Janesville," passed December 28th, 1861, be and the same  
be amended, that the place designated for the sale of  
Wood, Hay, and Straw on Main Street, be limited  
to that part of said Main Street north of the corner  
of the block between North second street and North  
First street.—Passed Dec. 1st, 1862.  
Attest, Andrew Boss, Jr., City Clerk. dawit

**FOR CITY AND COUNTY ORDER**  
A. J. DENELL.

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**USEFUL GOODS!**  
**HAIR BRUSHES,**  
English, French and American.  
**TOOTH BRUSHES,**  
English, French and American.  
**NAIL BRUSHES,**  
Infants' Brushes,  
very fine French.  
**DRESSING COMBS,**  
**BATHING TOWELS,**  
**SPONGES,**  
for the Bath, also for Infants.  
**FINE SOAPS, FINE COMBS**  
**POMADES, HAIR OILS,**  
**FINE COLOGNES,**  
**LUBIN'S EXTRACTS,**  
TALMAN & COLLINS',  
Druggists.  
**GROVER & BAKER'S**  
**Celebrated Noiseless**  
**Sewing Machines.**  
MAKING BOTH THE  
**Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch.**  
Price \$40 and Upwards.

**First Premium in Illinois, Ohio & Michigan.**  
**PARTIES** purchasing machines of the GROVER &  
BAKER M. Co., can have their choice of ma-  
chines making either stitch, and change if they desire  
to. The only company able to offer such inducements.  
They also offer to the public at the extremely low  
price of  
**\$40 FORTY! \$40**  
A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,  
suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is  
of large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior to  
the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at \$75 to  
\$100. General Northwestern Office, 116 Lake St.,  
Chicago, Ill.  
at her Millinery Rooms, West Milwaukee Street.  
Jyl18dawit

**BRAND & HORNICK,**  
**CABINET MAKERS,**  
**UPHOLSTERS,**  
and  
**UNDERTAKERS.**  
HAYING leased the shop formerly occupied by R.  
Brand & Co., we are prepared to manufacture to  
order all kinds of furniture. Having had fourteen  
years' experience in the business, we feel competent to  
warrant entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with  
their orders.  
**UPHOLSTERING,**  
**CURTAIN HANGING,**  
**CARPET MAKING,**  
done in the most approved manner, on the shortest no-  
tice.  
of all kinds kept constantly on hand. We will be ready  
at all hours to attend to calls in the city and country.  
Persons in need of furniture in this line will do well to  
give us a call, as we will give them our personal atten-  
tion.  
Repairing Done on Short Notice  
Shop on Main street, four doors north of New-  
ell's grocery, Janesville, Wis.  
B. BRAND,  
T. H. HORNICK.  
ap18dawit

**McKEY & BRO.,**  
A Splendid lot of  
**BONNET RIBBONS!**  
A new assortment of  
Colored Edge Velvet Ribbons,  
25 cartons assorted  
Taffeta Trimming Ribbons.  
Also a new line of  
**FALL BONNETS,**  
Flowers, Plumes, Felt Hats, Jockeys,  
&c., &c. nos18dawit  
Call at the Store of  
**RICE, GAUL & RICE!**  
and see the best assortment of  
**HOOP SKIRTS**  
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.  
We have just received, direct from the manufacturers  
a large invoice of Skirts and now offer the following  
styles to Ladies at the lowest price:  
**BRADLEY'S INVARIABLE CLASS.**  
DO DIAMOND TIE.  
DO SHERIDAN & OSBORN'S GOREN TRAIL KID  
TABBED. DO.  
DO BRIDAL. DO.  
DO QUAKER. DO.  
DO ROSEBUD TIE. DO.  
Wherever the BEST AND LARGEST assortment for  
**YOUNG LADIES, MISSES, AND**  
**CHILDREN'S SKIRTS**  
to be found in the city. adit

**AN ORDINANCE**  
Entitled an Ordinance to amend "An Ordinance to  
regulate the sale of Wood, Hay and Straw, passed  
December 28th, 1861."  
The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Janes-  
ville do enact:  
That an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to regu-  
late the sale of Wood, Hay and Straw, in the city of  
Janesville," passed December 28th, 1861, be and the same  
be amended, that the place designated for the sale of  
Wood, Hay, and Straw on Main Street, be limited  
to that part of said Main Street north of the corner  
of the block between North second street and North  
First street.—Passed Dec. 1st, 1862.  
Attest, Andrew Boss, Jr., City Clerk. dawit

**FOR CITY AND COUNTY ORDER**  
A. J. DENELL.

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A. J. DENELL.

**PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,**  
West Milwaukee Street,  
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

**HAIR BRUSHES,**  
English, French and American.  
**TOOTH BRUSHES,**  
English, French and American.  
**NAIL BRUSHES,**  
Infants' Brushes,  
very fine French.  
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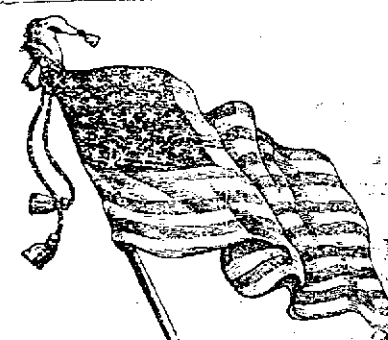












Forever float that standard sheet—  
Where breathes the foe but falls before us;  
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,  
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

The News.

The total loss at Fredericksburg is reported at 13,055.

An investigation by the senate committee on the conduct of the war is to be had to find out who ordered the assault at Fredericksburg. This would imply some doubt as to its being Burnside.

The rebels report a battle at Kingston, North Carolina, in which they say they drove our army back. Kingston is 40 miles west of Newbern.

The Repulse at Fredericksburg.

We have hesitated to believe that our army had met with a repulse at Fredericksburg. We preferred to think that the failure to carry the enemy's works, on the first day, was owing to other causes than inability to accomplish the job, when the whole army should undertake it. But the retreat from the position on the south side of the river, after the battle, and now the report of the loss of 14,000, killed, wounded and prisoners, forces us to the conclusion that the army of the Potomac has again met with a most serious misfortune. It nearly equals the losses under McClelland in the battles consequent upon the movement to Harrison's Landing. We presume the killed and wounded will exceed that disastrous three days' retreat. In this case, the army is sooner extricated from its perilous situation, and therefore is not so badly demoralized and disheartened. But it is no less a sad reverse, bringing with it discouragements, misery, sorrow, and political entanglements.

Who can tell why our arms are fated always to meet disaster in Virginia? How is it that our commanders either delay to attack the enemy so long that their soldiers die by thousands of camp diseases, or if they do fight battles they are led into the very jaws of death, from a want of knowledge on the part of their commanders, of the positions and preparations of the enemy? The rebels have, no doubt, their best generals and troops in Virginia, while the selections on our side are more or less governed by political considerations. Our army is too near Washington. If the capital were removed to St. Paul, the Potomac army, we believe, would have competent leaders, and would win victories. As it is, it can only successfully use the spade, and the sooner it betakes itself to that favorite implement, the safer it will be.

Ingenuitv and Want of Patriotism.

The Milwaukee News is ungrateful towards the administration. After appointing democrats to lead our armies and manage the war department, the administration ought not to be rebuked by democrats for not sooner bringing the war to a close. It is for listening to the peace policy in war, which the News and its party have insisted upon, that has prolonged the war. It is evident from testimony elicited by the court martials of Porter and McDowell, and from the daily talk of the democratic press, that the leaders of that party have never been heartily in favor of suppressing the rebellion. Yet the administration has committed the terrible mistake of entrusting the conduct of the war to political generals, chosen from its ranks. It fell into this error by suspecting that partisan democrats were not more than half loyal, and then endeavored to bribe them to be true to their country by appointments. In doing so, it has been compelled to turn its back upon its friends. Thus we have an army composed mainly of republicans, led by officers who are mainly democrats and half secessionists. By the delay and extravagance of these officers the war has been dragged along for twenty months, without accomplishing the object for which the contest was commenced. Now, because it has not succeeded with the means chosen, the democratic party fall upon the administration and abuse it for the weakness and irresolution caused by attempts to conciliate the very party that condemn it. This may be very absurd party policy, but it is damnable ingratitude, and shows that its authors do not hesitate to sacrifice the country for the attainment of political power.

Important Movement of Federal Forces Reported.

The following important items of news are from the Richmond Dispatch, of the 12th instant:

"Important movements are on foot in eastern North Carolina. Twelve regiments left Newbern on Saturday. Some think their destination is Wilmington. The more general belief is that they design an attack on Weldon and Petersburg. On Sunday two transports and five gunboats ascended the Chowan river, and a land force of ten thousand men were seen in motion from Suffolk, indicating a movement on Weldon.

"The Raleigh Progress announces the landing of a large federal force in Gates county. If this be true, an immediate attack on Weldon may be expected."

Some men are very entertaining for a first interview, but after that they are exhausted and run out. On a second meeting we shall find them very flat and monotonous like hand-organs, we have heard all their tunes; but unlike those instruments, they are not new-barreled so easily.

Editors Gazette:—I take a few moments from busy preparation to write a few lines in the way of news. The order has just come to cook three days' rations, and be ready to march in thirty-six hours.

I am attempting to write in the midst of the greatest confusion, packing of knapsacks, cleaning muskets, examining cartridge boxes, and uproar generally. The boys are in good spirits, though some are singing "The Sword of Bunker Hill" rather boisterously, perhaps to keep up their courage. I know nothing, as yet, as to where we are going—perhaps to Richmond by way of Weldon; perhaps to Richmond with Gen. Banks! It is sufficient for us to know that we are to have active duty—to change our winter quarters for the open field. The force at Newbern has been considerably augmented of late. We hope to help in striking an effective blow somewhere. I will send you brief notes "as we go marching along."

MATHETES.

From the New York Tribune, Sunday, December 15th.

Incidents Following the Occupation.

To-day our troops have been busy engaged visiting the abandoned houses, and carrying off relics. Books, periodicals, parlor ornaments, dishes, etc., are being carried out a thought as the soldiers are not to be allowed to take anything but the necessities of life. A large quantity of superior tobacco was also found in the river, where the rebels had thrown it to prevent its falling into our hands, and found to be in good condition. The water having penetrated but a short distance. Destruction of furniture was indulged in much less by the troops than had been anticipated. Exasperated as they were by the pertinacity of the rebel army, and with the knowledge of the extent of the bombardment, it was expected that some damage would be encountered in searching the city from being burned to the ground. Of course everything convenient for a soldier to carry was taken, but nothing was wantonly destroyed, nor were the apartments injured, though a great number of the troops spent the night in houses filled up with every luxury. Flour, molasses, tobacco, etc., were found in some places in great quantities, though the houses of the poorer classes showed signs of destitution. A few of the buildings close by the river, however, have been completely destroyed by the batteries, were fired down, but none were fired, and not one was injured after the military was withdrawn. Arms were stacked in the streets, fire kindled in the door-ways, the captured flour baked into griddle cakes, cartons of molasses passed round, and the night spent in fighting the rebels through the streets, and dozing by the blazing fires alternately.

Good News from Fort Randall.—The Minnesota Captives Rescued.—The important details of the discovery of the Minnesota captives in the hands of Little Crow and other Minnesota Sioux chiefs, from 100 to 150 miles above Fort Pierce, on the Missouri, and of the efforts made by their discoverer, Capt. Galpin, a Missouri trader, to ransom them, have heretofore been published exclusively by the Press, in a series of letters from Sioux City.

Our readers will recollect that the latest of these letters, dated November 22, announced that the Saxtons had agreed to the ransom of the captives in their hands, and for that purpose, on Nov. 8th, Capt. Galpin had sent out a party of his traders from Fort Randall with horses and goods.

Our whole people will be greatly rejoiced to learn that these humane efforts have been largely successful.

Major Keable, paymaster of the army, has arrived in this city, from Fort Randall, which he left on the 23rd ult., and informs the Pioneer that the prisoners have been rescued from captivity, and are now at Fort Pierce, where they will be well cared for until an opportunity is offered of sending them home.

The following account is given of their release:

"A party of friendly Indians went to the Santee camp, on Beaver Creek, where they found the white judge, and Jacob Price, with several white prisoners, a French girl, and a woman, and a daughter of Jacob Price, of Illinois. They offered seven horses for them. The Saxtons refused to sell, thinking they had been sent by the whites; the friendly Indians told them it was either a fight or a trade; if they were not delivered, they would fight and take them—and their horses. This is the story of the Indians, but it is most likely they got the prisoners without much difficulty, and conducted them to Fort Pierce.

The Friendly Indians were probably Galpin's men.

Besides these captives, however, according to the advices recently published by us, there are two women and six children in the hands of Little Crow, who we presume have also been rescued, and this by Galpin's party.

Major Keable also reports extensive preparations among the Sioux of the Missouri valley for another raid in the spring. —St. Paul Press.

GLUTTONY READY USE.—To any quantity of glue, use common whiskey, instead of water. Put both together in a bottle, cork it tight, and set it away for three or four days, when it will be fit for use without the application of heat. Glue thus prepared will keep for years, and is at all times fit for use, except in very cold weather, when it should be set in warm water before using. To obviate the difficulty of the stupples getting tight by the glue drying in the mouth of the vessel, use a tin vessel with the cover fitting tight on the outside, to prevent the escape of the spirit by evaporation. A strong solution of isinglass, made in the same manner, is an excellent cement for leather.

"Do you choose New Year's this season?" asked a pretty young girl of old Roger.

"No, ma'am," said he, "I most decidedly prefer old part." The lady smiled, and so did Roger soon after.

HINNOO, PROVERB.—Sweet is the music of the lute to him who has never heard the prattle of his own children.

TRUE FREEDOM.—No man is free who has not command over himself, but suffers his passions to control him.—Pythagoras.

Last Night's Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.

Special to Chicago Tribune.—It is stated that charges have been or will be preferred against General Schoepf. They involve his conduct as officer and gentleman, and his personal conduct on the battlefield.

The statements to this effect come from Bull's friends, and it is understood that the charges probably emanate from the same source.

Nothing took place in the Porter court-martial yesterday. Porter's dispatches to Me Clelland and Burnside, in which his treacherous disposition was very clearly manifested, were put in evidence yesterday, and produced a most damaging effect. They are believed to be the dispatches on which the President based his opinion of Porter's treachery, which he expressed to Pope.

These and other facts seem to have left Porter absolutely without defence. There is little doubt now entertained that Pope will make his case, but fears are entertained that nerve will be wanting to punish Porter.

Mrs. Gen. Lander is about to start to Hilton Head to take charge of the hospital. She ranks second only to Miss Dix.

The republican senators had a caucus this afternoon on the question of political arrests. The conclusions they arrived at have not been announced.

Caleb B. Smith has been nominated by the President today for the vacant district judgeship in Indiana. He will, of course, be promptly confirmed, and will vacate the secretaryship of the interior.

The question of Successorship is still in a tangled condition.

Both houses buried Hancock to-day with appropriate eulogies; and then adjourned. Lieut. H. McCullough, of company C, 135th Pennsylvania, from western Pennsylvania, recently convicted by court martial of conduct unworthy of an officer and gentleman, and prejudicial to good order and discipline, and uttering disloyal sentiments, is cashiered and deprived from ever holding office, and sentenced to confinement in the old capital prison on such other place as the commanding general may direct, during the rebellion, the sentence to be published throughout the United States. This is by far the severest punishment yet awarded to any of our numerous disloyal officers.

Mr. Seward says he is not likely to depart from England and France indicate that foreign intervention is out of the question. His judgment in view of his former predictions, can be taken for what it is worth.

CAIRO, Dec. 16.

Special to Chicago Tribune.—Seven hundred and ten rebel prisoners were sent up from Mississippi, captured in the different skirmishes of General Grant's advance, arrived here a few days previous to their exchange. There are 1,128 in all here now, about 300 of which are officers.

The Platte Valley brought Memphis dates of the 11th and 13th.

Cotton is coming in there pretty freely, and disposed of 53 to 55 cents advance.

It was reported at Searcy, Arkansas, last week Wednesday, that Hindman made his men ford the Arkansas River, and when they had done so, they turned about and shot him. It is yet to be confirmed.

Gen. Washburn has been to Memphis on a visit. Gen. Grant, Gen. Sherman, and Gen. Pope, have been to Memphis on an expedition to some point south, to create a diversion equal to that just performed by Washburn and Hovey.

To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)

MORNING DISPATCHES.

The correspondent of the Tribune thus describes the carnage of Saturday. It is not using too strong an expression to say that in this battle we were butchered. The loss of the enemy in comparison with our own was insignificant. More than half the division of Gen. French were placed hors de combat before they had fired a shot, having orders to withhold their fire, charge bayonets and rush upon the entrenchments. They anticipated no obstacle until they should meet in hand to hand fight for the crest of the first range of hills; but how little they knew what they had to deal with, lying close upon the soft earth, behind a low stone wall and half destroyed fence, which we had not taken into our calculations as obstacles, the enemy watched the approach of French until every man in battle array came under the aim of the best sharpshooters in the rebel army. In an instant, almost before the fence itself was discovered to be an obstacle, a long, thick line of flame and smoke strewn above the fence and wall, and the moment the first volley was fired, sixty pieces of artillery, charged with grape and canister, and their infernal contents straight through our advancing lines, making them in front and upon both flanks. Destruction so terrible never before has been seen during this war.

French went into the battle with 7000 men; two days after the battle, only 1200 men had reported. The entire loss of the corps of French, consisting of the divisions of Howard, French and Hancock, and which on the morning of the battle contained 40 regiments, amounting to at least 20,000, is now 10,000. I think official reports will not vary from this estimate more than 500, or under. The losses in Reynolds' corps of Franklin's grand division, which were at first supposed to be but 2000, are now thought to be nearly 4000.

The following, based upon official reports as far as made out and upon estimates of those who have the best facilities for judging, is as correct as can be obtained up to this time:

RIGHT GRAND DIVISION—2ND AND 9TH CORPS  
—GEN. BOWNER..... 880  
Hancock's division..... 3,300  
French's division..... 1,900  
Wilcox's and Sturges' division..... 915  
Gentry's division..... 400  
Total..... 7,565

CENTRE GRAND DIVISION—6TH CORPS—GEN. HOOKER.  
Duttonfield and Humphrey's divisions..... 1,500  
Griffin's division..... 1,500  
Sykes' division..... 1,500  
Total..... 4,500

LEFT GRAND DIVISION—1ST AND 6TH CORPS  
—GEN. FRANKLIN.  
Reynolds' and Gibbon's divisions..... 900  
Mead's division..... 1,800  
Doubleday's division..... 1,500  
Smith's division..... 200  
Total..... 4,400

Total..... 16,465  
Total Right Grand Division..... 7,565  
Total Centre Grand Division..... 4,500  
Total Left Grand Division..... 4,400  
Total..... 16,465

It is believed that these figures will fall under rather than exceed official reports.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.

Three steamers arrived this morning from Aquia, bringing up between 1,000 and

2,000 wounded soldiers and several corpses. A few of the wounded were dangerously sick, but a majority were able to walk to the hospitals. A great many of the wounded were sent to Point Lookout.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

New York, Dec. 18.

A special from Nashville, 17th, gives a dispatch from Charleston, dated the 14th, which says: "The enemy's gunboats, swarming in Stone river, a few miles below the city, opened a fire on our pickets on James Island. The demonstration was considered a point to occupy attention in this neighborhood."

Gen. Evans, commanding the rebels at Kingston, North Carolina, telegraphs to Richmond, on the 14th, that Gen. Foster attacked Kingston yesterday, with 15,000 men and nine gunboats, and after a fight of ten hours, drove the federalists back to their gunboats. Foster's army is still in Evans' front.

New York, Dec. 18.

The Herald's Washington dispatch says that Col. Kerrigan, M. C., was arrested last evening. He was openly denouncing Lincoln as a traitor.

A steamer from Bermuda reports several vessels loaded with arms, ammunition and stores for the rebels. The steamer Cornucopia, painted lead color, had sailed, doubtless to run the blockade.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.

House.—Mr. Bingham, from the judiciary committee, reported back the bill extending relief to loyal men for slaves wrongfully taken, with the recommendation that it do not pass.

Mr. Wyckoff, who originally introduced the bill, remarked that he did not despair of satisfaction from the house; some legislation was necessary; that the bill didn't interfere with the new articles of war.

SENATE.—Mr. Cowan presented a petition for a bankruptcy law.

Mr. Rice introduced a bill extending the Walla Walla and Ft. Benton military road to Ft. Abernethy.

Mr. Keeneth introduced a bill providing for the protection of overland emigrants to the Pacific.

Mr. Wilkinson offered a resolution that the committee on the conduct of the war be directed to inquire into the facts in relation to the recent battle at Fredericksburg, particularly as to what officer or officers are responsible for the assault; also for the delay which occurred in preparing to meet the enemy.

Mr. Chandler suggested an amendment, that the committee report the results of their investigations to the senate. The amendment was accepted, and the resolution adopted.

New York, Dec. 18.

Flour less active, less firm, 6,10a25 for extra state, 6,70a80 r. b. Ohio. Wheat flat and less firm, 1,2a1.30 Chicago spring, 1,2a1.34 Mil club, 1,40a1.44 red western. Corn firm, fair demand.

The Destination of Gen. Banks.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Times, under date of December 14th, says the following in reference to Gen. Banks' expedition, which, in all probability, is correct:

"We have long had ample authority for believing that the expedition was destined to operate in the department of the gulf. We are now permitted to say that its objects are to embrace all the interests of that department; and that after the lapse of a short period, and the accomplishment of certain important acts, Gen. Banks will retire to the north."

The causes for this change in command cannot now be fully given. The announcements heretofore first made in this column in regard to the action of foreign governments adverse to Gen. Butler, and the difficulties arising between that officer and the citizens of not over-friendly European powers, are understood to have resulted in a demand for his removal; and yet this demand has followed, rather than influenced the government in a determination originating in other causes.

The occupation of Mobile will be one of the earliest fruits of this augmentation of force in the department; and no one can doubt that Gen. Banks will lose no time and spare no effort to rid Texas of the handful of rebels who control that state; and if, after his return, the change shall result in the placing of Gen. Butler in some position here, where his brain and steadfast will can influence the whole machinery of the war, the country will indeed have cause for gratitude for the transfer.

"A Whipping House."—A correspondent of the Missouri Democrat, writing from Helena, Arkansas, under the date of September 9th, describes, as follows, one of the beauties of the "peculiar institution":

"Perhaps your readers are not aware that whipping negroes is a regular business in some parts of the south, but such is undoubted the case. Improved machinery has been invented and improved operation, and whipping is done by wholesale.

An institution of this kind is located at Mayens, twenty-five miles from this place, on the St. Francis road. The 'whipping house,' as it is called, is about six feet in diameter, and ten feet high. A shaft runs from bottom to top. On the top is a small cog wheel; the propelling power is a robust negro. Attached to the shaft are leather thongs or straps about two inches wide. Lashes are inserted in these, and when the shaft is in motion they reach the walls.

Near by is the office and stripping-house. Here the victims are divested of their clothing, and five or six are placed in the torture-room, the door being fastened, the negro to hold the crank, when the proprietor with watch in hand, orders the machine to be put on motion. Around whirls the shaft at the rate of two hundred revolutions a minute, with straps and lashes extended, bruising and lacerating the poor victim with thousands of blows extending from the head to feet. If the victim is considered by the proprietor, Hampton Jones, to be a reasonable time to grind a batch of human flesh, and then it is so 'very cheap'—costing but a dollar per head. I do think it is very nearly equal to hell itself. A thousand scorpions stinging their flesh would not inflict more punishment. At the expiration of the time, the poor, bleeding, quivering victims are brot over more dead than alive. The plantations for miles sent their grists to this mill to be ground, and the proprietor has been doing a thriving business since the Union troops came, and consequently Othello's occupation was ruined.

"I shouldn't care so much about the bugs," said a thin, pale lodger to his landlady, "but the fact is, ma'am, I can't get the blood to spare."

What is the difference between a church organist and the influenza? One knows the stops and the other stops the nose.

Revenue Stamps!

We have the following stamps: Checks, Drafts, Notes, Bonds, Deeds, Leases, Mortgages, Powers of Attorney, Private or Public Will, Warrants, Receipts and Legal Documents.

MOSELEY & BRO. delidaw

NEW SONGS!!

PALEY ORY OF FREEDOM: Liberty & Co. D. B. Paley of Liberty's Country; by F. K. Kent, and by H. W. L. WILSON'S MUSIC STORE.

Legal Blanks of all kinds for sale.

DIED.

At the residence in La Prairie, December 10th, 1862, FREDERICK SMITH, aged 54 years and 6 months, of bronchitis. HANCOCK & SUTHERLAND. Montgomery county, N. Y., papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted to Purchase!

A HOUSE in a central position in this city. Apply to J. H. WILSON, December 18th, 1862. delidaw

CUSTOM MILLING.

I WILL do Custom Grinding at the Stone Mill in Monterey, on and after Monday, December 22nd, for one-half price, and in 60 days for cost less than it has been done for in this city. All work warranted. MARTIN RITTER & CO. delidaw

To Rent!

A DWELLING HOUSE near the business part of the city. Inquire of S. A. HUDSON. delidaw

Taken Up—by the subscriber, in the town of Harmony, about the 9th of December, 1862, two COATS, one a 5 year old bay horse and the other a brown mare, about six months old, white face and white hind legs. SALOMON ZILBERMAN. Harmony, December 17th, 1862. delidaw

GREAT ATTRACTION

at the

New York Cash Store.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

FINE DRESS GOODS

ever before received in Janesville, have been received for past week at the

New York Cash Store.

Particular attention of the Ladies is directed to the immense stock of

DRESS GOODS!

Just received at our establishment, all bought in New York last week at the two great

Closing Out Auction Sales

of the season, of Messrs. L. & D. Outfit & Co., and Messrs. Southard & Hinton, the two largest sales of the season, and what goods were sold in the sale were sold at

Fifty cents on the Dollar

on what they would cost to import at the present time. Among our stock may be found a splendid assortment of

Silk Checked Paris Poplin Reps,

Silk checked Mousseline DeParis,

Satin Fig'd Lyons Silk Poplins,

RICH PLAID POPLINS,

sold in October at eight shillings, now at four shillings.

RICH BROCHA VELENTE REPS,

sold in October at eight shillings now at four shillings.

RICH PLAID VELENTE REPS,

sold in October at eight shillings now at four shillings. Our entire stock of 10 and 12 shilling

French Merinos,

we shall sell for the next twenty days at

ONE DOLLAR PER YARD.

This is a great chance to buy fine dress goods at least

FIFTY PER CENT LESS

than they can be bought at any other store in this city. Do not buy any Dress Goods

Until you have seen Our Stock.

Due to the lateness of the season many houses have so much reduced their stock that they

Cannot Supply their Customers

with what they want.

We have received within the last month a very large stock of

MERCHANDISE

which we are selling at retail

From 15 to 20 per Cent Less

than they are being sold for in Chicago, and we will guarantee for the next thirty days to sell all kinds of

Domestic Goods

at retail 15 per cent

BELOW CHICAGO JOBBER PRICES.

Our stock of

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS,

bought last August, is now very large, consisting of

Prints, Delaines, Cloths,

Hosiery, Knit Woollen Goods,

White Goods, Flannels and Shawls,

most of which were bought at much

Lower Prices

than the present prices of the manufacturers.

December 17th, 1862. SMITH & BOSTWICK. delidaw

JANESVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Winter Term of the Public Schools of the city of Janesville will commence on the first Monday of January next, and will continue fourteen weeks. Non-resident pupils will be admitted on the usual terms on application to the undersigned. Furthermore, the Board of Education would say that in their judgment the High School, under the supervision of Mr. S. T. Lockwood as principal, offers advantages superior to any other school in this section of the state in convenience of rooms, perfect in classification, experience of teachers and ample course of instruction. The Board will spare no efforts to make the schools pleasant and profitable to all who may patronize them.

H. N. COMSTOCK, Clerk of the Board of Education. delidaw

A Cow Lost.

STAYED from the premises of the subscriber, Sunday last, a dark brown and white COW, with one horn. A suitable reward will be paid for her recovery. H. J. TURNER, MILTON AVENUE. delidaw

Buckwheat Wanted!

A fine Big Mill, 300 bushels. A liberal price will be paid for it. HANCOCK & SUTHERLAND. delidaw

Take Notice.

We will sell until further notice, the best Family Flour, delivered free of charge to any part of the city, for

Two Dollars per Hundred.

December 10th, 1862. JACKMAN & ALDEN. delidaw

GREAT AND GLORIOUS NEWS.

Sixth Arrival of Merchandise

at

McKee & Bro's

MAMMOTH STORE.

We are now receiving our sixth supply of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

a great portion of which has been purchased by M. E. McKee, of this firm, in the different markets of Europe. Owing to our immense trade this fall, in Janesville and our other stores we now have a resident buyer in New York; also M. McKee is at present in the city attending to it.

Great Closing Sales of the Season

where goods are generally sold at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

We are now receiving these goods, which are much below the early purchases, and having the largest stock

Staple Goods

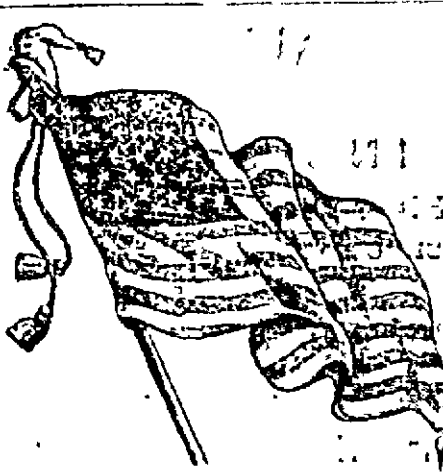












Forever float that standard sheet—  
Where breathes the foe but falls before us;  
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,  
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

The News.

The total loss at Fredericksburg is reported at 13,055.

An investigation by the senate committee on the conduct of the war is to be had to find out who ordered the assault at Fredericksburg. This would imply some doubt as to its being Burnside.

The rebels report a battle at Kingston, North Carolina, in which they say they drove our army back. Kingston is 40 miles west of Newbern.

The Repulse at Fredericksburg.

We have hesitated to believe that our army had met with a repulse at Fredericksburg. We preferred to think that the failure to carry the enemy's works, on the first day, was owing to other causes than inability to accomplish the job, when the whole army should undertake it. But the retreat from the position on the south side of the river, after the battle, and now the report of the loss of 14,000, killed, wounded and prisoners, forces us to the conclusion that the army of the Potomac has again met with a most serious misfortune. It nearly equals the losses under McClellan in the battles consequent upon the movement to Harrison's Landing. We presume the killed and wounded will exceed that disastrous three days' retreat. In this case, the army is sooner extricated from its perilous situation, and therefore is not so badly demoralized and disheartened. But it is no less a sad reverse, bringing with it discouragements, misery, sorrow, and political entanglements.

Who can tell why our arms are fated always to meet disaster in Virginia? How is it that our commanders either delay to attack the enemy so long that their soldiers die by thousands of camp diseases, or if they do fight battles they are led into the very jaws of death, from a want of knowledge on the part of their commanders, of the positions and preparations of the enemy? The rebels have, no doubt, their best generals and troops in Virginia, while the selections on our side are more or less governed by political considerations. Our army is too near Washington. If the capital were removed to St. Paul, the Potomac army, we believe, would have competent leaders, and would win victories. As it is, it can only successfully use the spade, and the sooner it betakes itself to that favorite implement, the safer it will be.

Ingratitude and Want of Patriotism.

The Milwaukee News is ungrateful towards the administration. After appointing democrats to lead our armies and manage the war department, the administration ought not to be rebuked by democrats for not sooner bringing the war to a close. It is for listening to the peace policy in war, which the News and its party have insisted upon, that has prolonged the war. It is evident from testimony elicited by the court martial of Porter and McDowell, and from the daily talk of the democratic press, that the leaders of that party have never been heartily in favor of suppressing the rebellion. Yet the administration has committed the terrible mistake of entrusting the conduct of the war to political generals, chosen from its ranks. It fell into this error by suspecting that partizan democrats were not more than half loyal, and then endeavored to bribe them to be true to their country by appointments. In doing so, it has been compelled to turn its back upon its friends. Thus we have an army composed mainly of republicans, led by officers who are mainly democrats and half secessionists. By the delay and extravagance of these officers the war has been dragged along for twenty months, without accomplishing the object for which the contest was commenced. Now, because it has not succeeded with the means chosen, the democratic partisans fall upon the administration and abuse it for the weakness and irresolution caused by attempts to conciliate the very party that condemns it. This may be very shrewd party policy, but it is damnable ingratitude, and shows that its authors do not hesitate to sacrifice the country for the attainment of political power.

Important Movement of Federal Forces Reported.—The following important items of news are from the Richmond Dispatch, of the 12th instant:

"Important movements are on foot in eastern North Carolina. Twelve regiments left Newbern on Saturday. Some think their destination is Wilmington. The more general belief is, that they design an attack on Weldon and Petersburg. On Sunday two transports and five gunboats ascended the Chowan river, and a land force of ten thousand men were sent in motion from Suffolk, indicating a movement on Weldon. "The Raleigh Progress announces the landing of a large federal force in Gates county. If this be true, an immediate attack on Weldon may be expected."

Some men are very entertaining for a first interview, but after that they are exhausted and run out. On a second meeting we check them and they are monotonous; like hand-organs, we have heard all their tunes; but unlike those instruments, they are not now-barred so easily.

City of Janesville.

Thursday Evening, Dec. 18, 1862.

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